Introduction

The Klahoose First Nation recently held three engagement sessions to discuss the Incremental Treaty Agreement and gather feedback from Band Members on the criteria for making land purchases with funding from the Incremental Treaty Agreement. To reach as many Members as possible, we conducted one hybrid session that was held both online and in person at Squirrel Cove and three online sessions were scheduled in the month of May. One online session was canceled due to lack of community members registering for the meeting which resulted in there only being two online sessions.

This report summarizes the key points and concerns raised by the community during these sessions.

Structure of Community Engagement Sessions

During our Community Engagement Sessions, Chief Steven Brown and Kathy Francis, Chief Treaty Negotiator, provided a comprehensive breakdown of what an Incremental Treaty Agreement (ITA) entails. The 3y began by discussing the previous ITA that Klahoose signed, which secured the Community Forest Agreement (CFA) in the Toba Valley, a key economic driver for Klahoose.

The sessions then delved into the specifics of the current ITA offerings. Detailed information was provided about potential lands that could be purchased, with an emphasis on zoning types, preferred locations, and the pros and cons of various options. The goal was to outline the kind of possible opportunities.

Engagement was the core focus of these sessions. Participants were encouraged to contribute through open-ended and specific questions, fostering a dynamic, fireside chat atmosphere. This format allowed for a lot of back-and-forth conversation, where attendees could share, and bounce ideas off one another.

The consultation included one hybrid session held at the Klahoose Multipurpose Building and two additional online meetings over Zoom. These sessions aimed to develop community-driven criteria for selecting lands to purchase with ITA funds, ensuring that the decisions made reflect the collective vision and needs of the Klahoose Nation.

Notices to Membership



portal











Overview of Incremental Treaty Agreement

The Klahoose First Nation actively engaged with Band Members to develop criteria for land selection under their Incremental Treaty Agreement (ITA). An Incremental Treaty Agreement is a preliminary agreement between the Province and a First Nation involved in Treaty negotiations, designed to provide early benefits such as land transfers or cash payments to the First Nation while negotiations continue. This mechanism addresses the long duration of Treaty negotiations, offering tangible benefits sooner.

Klahoose First Nation has signed two Incremental Treaty Agreement's. The first, signed in March 2009, involved a payment of \$2.25 million from the Province of British Columbia to Klahoose, which was used to purchase Tree Farm Licence 10 (TFL10) in the Toba Valley and fund a negotiation team, revitalizing Treaty negotiations. This acquisition proved to be very financially successful, making Klahoose the largest forestry tenure owner in their territory.

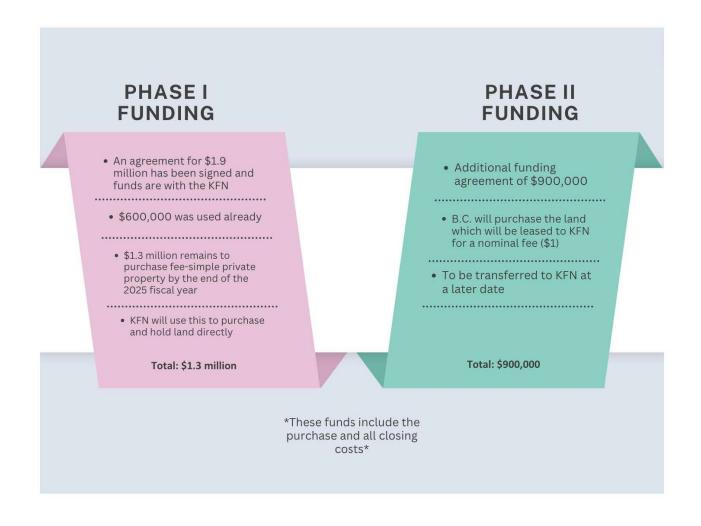
The second Incremental Treaty Agreement, signed in March 2023, provided \$1.9 million in funds for purchasing private lands within Klahoose territory. Part of this funding was used to acquire property at Manson's Landing, with an additional \$900,000 in funds committed by B.C. for future land purchases identified by Klahoose. These future acquisitions, managed under Phase II funding, will be bought and held by B.C. before transferring ownership to Klahoose. None of the Phase II funds have been utilized yet.

Lands bought through the 2023 Incremental Treaty Agreement can potentially be added to Klahoose Reserves. This requires an application to the Federal Government's Crown-Indigenous Relations and Northern Affairs Canada (CIRNAC) and cooperation with them to ensure the process is successful.

Klahoose Band Members do not lose any rights or tax exemption status through the Incremental Treaty Agreement. The Agreement does not affect Klahoose aboriginal title and rights or individual members' rights. The funds provided under the Incremental Treat Agreement may be counted towards a final Treaty settlement, but if no Treaty is signed, Klahoose is not obligated to return acquired lands. This is a great benefit.

Membership involvement in land selection was extensive between 2017 and 2019, the Klahoose Treaty team and Council consulted with members through meetings in various locations and online. This engagement process was then renewed this spring to gather feedback and input on future land purchases under the Incremental Treaty Agreement.

On the Table for this Incremental Treaty Agreement





During the Community Engagement Sessions on the Incremental Treaty Agreement, feedback from the Nation revealed a high level of consensus and strong support among Band Members. Members felt confident in the criteria put forward by the Nation in moving forward with the selection and purchase of lands.

The engagement sessions highlighted several key points, emphasizing the importance of long-term economic development for the Nation and future generations. There was a strong advocacy for further developing our tourism sector and prioritizing lands on the waterfront or with water access. Additionally, the Nation stressed the need to carefully consider the current land value and its potential future changes.

Key Points of Input

- 1. Focus on Economic Development for Future Generations
 - The community emphasized the importance of using Incremental Treaty Agreement funding to foster economic growth that benefits future generations.
- 2. Tourism Sector Development
 - Members highlighted the need for infrastructure to support tourism, such as developing a store in Squirrel Cove.
- 3. Culturally Significant Sites
 - The protection and enhancement of culturally significant sites were also seen as essential to preserving the Nation's history and connection to our land.
- 4. Waterfront and Fresh Water Access
 - Acquiring land on the waterfront and ensuring foreshore access were identified as priorities.
 - Access to fresh water is crucial, and land purchases should consider the availability of freshwater resources.
- 5. Aquaculture Development
 - The community expressed a desire to further develop their aquaculture sector.
 - Suggestions included using Incremental Treaty Agreement funding to establish a processing facility to enhance the economic benefits of aquaculture.

- 6. Creating Safe Spaces for Children
 - o Ensuring the safety and well-being of children was a significant priority.
 - The community suggested using funding to create safe recreational and educational spaces for children.
- 7. Transforming Land Purchases through the Additions to Reserve (ATR) Process
 - The potential to transform land purchases through the ATR process resonated strongly with the community.
 - This would increase the Nation's reserve land base and provide greater control over land use and development.

Concerns Raised

- 1. Value of Available Lands
 - The community stressed the importance of evaluating the current and future value of available lands.
 - o This includes considering both economic potential and cultural significance.

Conclusion

The feedback from these engagement sessions provides clear guidance on the community's priorities and concerns regarding land purchases with Incremental Treaty Agreement funding. The Klahoose First Nation aims to ensure that these investments support economic development, cultural preservation and the well-being of future generations while navigating the challenges of land availability and rising property prices. The Nation is committed to using the Incremental Treaty Agreement funding strategically to enhance its land base and secure a prosperous future for its members.